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## FOUNDATION FOR INTELLIGENT PHYSICAL AGENTS

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# FIPA Agent Message Transport Envelope 4

## Representation in Bit-Efficient Encoding 5

### Specification

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## 51    1 Scope

52    This document deals with message transportation between inter-operating agents and also forms part of the FIPA  
53    Agent Management Specification [FIPA00023]. It contains specifications for:

- 54    • Syntactic representation of a message envelope in bit-efficient form.

55    Informative examples of the bit-efficient envelope syntax are given in Section 4.  
56

57

58

## 59    2 Bit-Efficient Envelope Representation

60 This section gives the concrete syntax for the message envelope specification that must be used to transport messages  
 61 over a Message Transport Protocol (MTP - see [FIPA00067]). This concrete syntax is designed to complement  
 62 [FIPA00069].

63

64 The message envelope transport syntax is expressed in standard EBNF format<sup>1</sup> (see *Table 1*).  
 65

Grammar rule component	Example
Terminal tokens are enclosed in double quotes	" ( "
Non-terminals are written as capitalised identifiers	Expression
Square brackets denote an optional construct	[ " , " OptionalArg ]
Vertical bars denote an alternative between choices	Integer   Float
Asterisk denotes zero or more repetitions of the preceding expression	Digit*
Plus denotes one or more repetitions of the preceding expression	Alpha+
Parentheses are used to group expansions	( A   B ) *
Productions are written with the non-terminal name on the left-hand side, expansion on the right-hand side and terminated by a full stop	ANonTerminal = "terminal".
0x?? is a hexadecimal byte	0x00

66

67              **Table 1:** EBNF Rules  
 68

### 69    2.1 Component Name

70 The name assigned to this component is:  
 71

72        fipa.mts.env.rep.bitefficient.std  
 73

### 74    2.2 ACC Processing of Bit-Efficient Envelope

75 According to [FIPA00067], a FIPA compliant ACC is not allowed to modify any element of the envelope that it receives.  
 76 It is however allowed to update a value in any of the envelope's parameters by adding a new ExtEnvelope element at  
 77 the beginning of the messageEnvelopes sequence. This new element is required to have only those parameter values  
 78 that the ACC wishes to add or update plus a new ReceivedObject element<sup>2</sup>.  
 79

80 The following pseudo code algorithm may be used to obtain the latest values for each of the envelope's parameters.  
 81

```
82 EnvelopeWithAllParams := new empty Envelope
83 while (not all envelopes processed) {
84   tempEnvelope = getNextEnvelope;
85   foreach parameter in an envelope {
86     if ((this parameter has no value in EnvelopeWithAllParams)
87       AND (this parameter has a value in tempEnvelope))
88     then copy the value of this parameter to EnvelopeWithAllParams
89   }
90 }
91 
```

92 EnvelopeWithAllParams now contains the latest values for all the parameters set in the envelope.  
 93

---

<sup>1</sup> White space is not allowed between tokens.

<sup>2</sup> The new ReceivedObject parameter is forced, syntactically, to be in all envelopes of the messageEnvelopes sequence except the first one.

94     **2.3 Concrete Message Envelope Syntax**

95     MessageEnvelope                 = (ExtEnvelope)\* BaseEnvelope Payload.

96

97     BaseEnvelope                     = BaseEnvelopeHeader (Parameter)\* EndOfEnvelope.

98

99     ExtEnvelope                     = ExtEnvelopeHeader (Parameter)\* EndOfEnvelope.

100

101    BaseEnvelopeHeader             = BaseMsgId EnvLen ACLRepresentation Date.

102

103    ExtEnvelopeHeader             = ExtMsgId EnvLen ReceivedObject.

104

105    EnvLen                         = Len16  
106                                 | JumboEnvelope.                     /\* See comment 1 (Section 2.4) \*/

107

108    JumboEnvelope                 = EmptyLen16 Len32.

109

110    BaseMsgId                     = 0xFE.

111

112    ExtMsgId                     = 0xFD.

113

114    EndOfEnvelope                 = EndOfCollection.

115

116    Payload                         =                                     /\* See comment 2 (Section 2.4) \*/

117

118    Parameter                     = PredefinedParameter  
119                                 | UserDefinedParameter. /\* See comment 5 (Section 2.4) \*/

120

121    PredefinedParameter          = 0x02 AgentIdentifierSequence             /\* to \*/  
122                                 | 0x03 AgentIdentifier                     /\* from \*/  
123                                 | 0x04 ACLRepresentation                     /\* acl-representation \*/  
124                                 | 0x05 Comments                             /\* comments \*/  
125                                 | 0x06 PayloadLength                         /\* payload-length \*/  
126                                 | 0x07 PayloadEncoding                         /\* payload-encoding \*/  
127                                 | 0x09 IntendedReceiver                     /\* intended-receiver \*/  
128                                 | 0x0a ReceivedObject                         /\* received \*/  
129                                 | 0x0b TransportBehaviour.                     /\* transport-behaviour \*/

130

131    ACLRepresentation          = UserDefinedACLRepresentation  
132                                 | 0x10                                     /\* fipa.acl.rep.bitefficient.std [FIPA00069] \*/  
133                                 | 0x11                                     /\* fipa.acl.rep.string.std [FIPA00070] \*/  
134                                 | 0x12.                                     /\* fipa.acl.rep.xml.std [FIPA00071] \*/

135

136    Date                         = BinDateTimeToken.

137

138    Comments                     = NullTerminatedString.

139

140    PayloadLength                 = BinNumber.

141

142    PayloadEncoding              = NullTerminatedString.

143

144    IntendedReceiver             = AgentIdentifierSequence.

145

146    TransportBehaviour         = Any.

147

148    UserDefinedACLRepresentation  
149                                 = 0x00 NullTerminatedString.

150

151    ReceivedObject              = By  
152                                 Date  
153                                 [From]  
154                                 [Id]  
155                                 [Via]

```

156                               (UserDefinedParameter)*
157                               EndOfCollection.

158
159   By                      = URL.
160
161   From                     = 0x02 URL.
162
163   Id                       = 0x03 NullTerminatedString.
164
165   Via                      = 0x04 NullTerminatedString.
166
167   BinNumber                = Digits.           /* See comment 4 (Section 2.4) */
168
169   Digits                   = CodedNumber+.
170
171   NullTerminatedString     = String 0x00.
172
173   UserDefinedParameter    = 0x00 Keyword NullTerminatedString.
174
175   KeyWord                  = NullTerminatedString.
176
177   Any                      = 0x14 NullTerminatedString
178   | ByteLenEncoded.
179
180   ByteLenEncoded           = 0x16 Len8 ByteSequence
181   | 0x17 Len16 ByteSequence
182   | 0x19 Len32 ByteSequence.
183
184   ByteSequence              = Byte*.
185
186   AgentIdentifierSequence = (AgentIdentifier)* EndOfCollection.
187
188   AgentIdentifier           = 0x02 AgentName
189   [Addresses]
190   [Resolvers]
191   (UserDefinedParameter)*
192   EndOfCollection.

193
194   AgentName                = NullTerminatedString.
195
196   Addresses                 = 0x02 UrlSequence.
197
198   Resolvers                 = 0x03 AgentIdentifierSequence.
199
200   UserDefinedParameter     = 0x05 NullTerminatedString Any.
201
202   UrlSequence               = (URL)* EndOfCollection.
203
204   URL                      = NullTerminatedString.
205
206   StringSequence            = (NullTerminatedString)* EndOfCollection.
207
208   BinDateTimeToken          = 0x20 BinDate          /* Absolute time      */
209   | 0x21 BinDate          /* Relative time (+) */
210   | 0x22 BinDate          /* Relative time (-) */
211   | 0x24 BinDate TypeDesignator /* Absolute time      */
212   | 0x25 BinDate TypeDesignator /* Relative time (+) */
213   | 0x26 BinDate TypeDesignator /* Relative time (-) */
214
215   BinDate                  = Year Month Day Hour Minute Second Millisecond.
216                               /* See comment 3 (Section 2.4) */
217
218   EndOfCollection           = 0x01.
219
219   EmptyLen16                = 0x00 0x00.

```

```

220
221 Len8           = Byte.          /* See comment 6 (Section 2.4) */
222
223 Len16          = Short.        /* See comment 6 (Section 2.4) */
224
225 Len32          = Long.         /* See comment 6 (Section 2.4) */
226
227 Year           = Byte Byte.
228
229 Month          = Byte.
230
231 Day             = Byte.
232
233 Hour            = Byte.
234
235 Minute          = Byte.
236
237 Second          = Byte.
238
239 Millisecond     = Byte Byte.
240
241 String           =          /* As in [FIPA00070] */
242
243 CodedNumber      =          /* See comment 4 (Section 2.4) */
244
245 TypeDesignator   =          /* As in [FIPA00070] */
246

```

## 2.4 Notes on the Grammar Rules

1. Normally, the length of an envelope does not exceed 65536 bytes ( $2^{16}$ ). Therefore, only two bytes are reserved for envelope length (len16). However, the syntax also allows envelopes with greater lengths. In this case, the sender sets the reserved envelope length parameter (two bytes) to length zero and the following four bytes are used to represent the real length (maximum envelope length is therefore  $2^{32}$  bytes).

The length of the envelope comprises all the parts of the envelope, including the message identifier and the length parameter itself. The length of the envelope is expressed in the network byte order.

2. The payload (ACL message) starts at the first byte after the BaseEnvelope. White space is allowed between the envelope and the ACL message only if the syntax of ACL allows this. For instance, `fipa.acl.rep.string.std` allows white space, but `fipa.acl.rep.bitefficient.std` does not.
3. Dates are coded as numbers, that is, four bits are reserved for each ASCII number (see comment 4 below). Information as to whether the type designator is present or not is coded into an identifier byte. These parameters always have static length (two bytes for year and milliseconds, one byte for other components).
4. Numbers are coded by reserving four bits for each digit in the number's ASCII representation, that is, two ASCII numbers are coded into one byte. *Table 2* shows a 4-bit code for each number and special codes that may appear in ASCII coded numbers.

If the ASCII presentation of a number contains an odd number of characters, the last four bits of the coded number are set to zero (the Padding token), otherwise an additional `0x00` byte is added to the end of the coded number. If the number to be coded is either an integer, decimal number, or octal number, the identifier byte `0x12` is used. For hexadecimal numbers, the identifier byte `0x13` is used. Hexadecimal numbers are converted to integers before coding (the coding scheme does not allow characters from `a` through `f` to appear in number form).

273

Token	Code	Token	Code
Padding	0000	7	1000
0	0001	8	1001
1	0010	9	1010
2	0011	+	1100
3	0100	E	1101
4	0101	-	1110
5	0110	.	1111
6	0111		

274

275

**Table 2:** Binary Representation of Number Tokens

276

- 277 5. All envelope parameters defined in [FIPA00067] have a predefined code. If an envelope contains a user-defined  
 278 parameter, an extension mechanism is used (byte 0x00). The names of the user-defined envelope parameters  
 279 should have the prefix “X-CompanyName-”.
- 280 6. Byte is a one-byte code word, Short is a short integer (two bytes, network byte order) and Long is a long integer  
 281 (four bytes, network byte order).
- 282
- 283

**284    3 References**

- 285 [FIPA00067] FIPA Agent Message Transport Service Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents, 2000.  
286 <http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00067/>
- 287 [FIPA00069] FIPA ACL Message Representation in Bit-Efficient Encoding Specification. Foundation for Intelligent  
288 Physical Agents, 2000.  
289 <http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00069/>
- 290 [FIPA00070] FIPA ACL Message Representation in String Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents,  
291 2000.  
292 <http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00070/>
- 293 [FIPA00071] FIPA ACL Message Representation in XML Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents,  
294 2000.  
295 <http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00071/>
- 296

## 297    4 Informative Annex A — Examples

- 298    1. Here is a simple example of an envelope encoded using XML representation:

```

299
300    <?xml version="1.0"?>
301    <envelope>
302        <params index="1">
303            <to>
304                <agent-identifier>
305                    <name>receiver@foo.com</name>
306                    <addresses>
307                        <url>http://foo.com/acc</url>
308                    </addresses>
309                </agent-identifier>
310            </to>
311            <from>
312                <agent-identifier>
313                    <name>sender@bar.com</name>
314                    <addresses>
315                        <url>http://bar.com/acc</url>
316                    </addresses>
317                </agent-identifier>
318            </from>
319
320        <acl-representation>fipa.acl.rep.xml.std</acl-representation>
321
322        <date>20000508T042651481</date>
323
324        <received>
325            <received-by value="http://foo.com/acc"/>
326            <received-date value="20000508T042651481"/>
327            <received-id value="123456789"/>
328        </received>
329    </params>
330  </envelope>
331

```

332    Using the bit-efficient representation, the envelope becomes:

```

333
334 0xfe 0x00 0x88 0x12 0x20 0x31 0x11 0x06 0x19 0x15 0x37 0x62 0x59 0x20 0x02 0x03 0x02
335  'r'  'e'  'c'  'e'  'i'  'v'  'e'  'r'  '@'  'f'  'o'  'o'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  0x00
336  0x02  'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'
337  'c'  'c'  0x00  0x01  0x01  0x02  's'  'e'  'n'  'd'  'e'  'r'  '@'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'
338  'c'  'o'  'm'  0x00  0x02  'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'
339  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  0x00  0x01  0x01  0x0a  'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'
340  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  0x00  0x20  0x31  0x11  0x06  0x19
341  0x15  0x37  0x62  0x59  0x20  0x03  '1'  '2'  '3'  '4'  '5'  '6'  '7'  '8'  '9'  0x00  0x01
342

```

343    The length of the original message is about 584 bytes and the encoded result is 136 bytes giving a compression  
344    ratio of about 4:1.

346 2. Here is an example that covers all aspects of an envelope.

```
347
348 <?xml version="1.0"?>
349 <envelope>
350   <params index="1">
351     <to>
352       <agent-identifier>
353         <name>receiver@foo.com</name>
354         <addresses>
355           <url>http://foo.com/acc</url>
356         </addresses>
357         <resolvers>
358           <agent-identifier>
359             <name>resolver@bar.com</name>
360             <addresses>
361               <url>http://bar.com/acc1</url>
362               <url>http://bar.com/acc2</url>
363               <url>http://bar.com/acc3</url>
364             </addresses>
365           </agent-identifier>
366         </resolvers>
367       </agent-identifier>
368     </to>
369
370     <from>
371       <agent-identifier>
372         <name>sender@bar.com</name>
373         <addresses>
374           <url>http://bar.com/acc</url>
375         </addresses>
376         <resolvers>
377           <agent-identifier>
378             <name>resolver@foobar.com</name>
379             <addresses>
380               <url>http://foobar.com/acc1</url>
381               <url>http://foobar.com/acc2</url>
382               <url>http://foobar.com/acc3</url>
383             </addresses>
384           </agent-identifier>
385         </resolvers>
386       </agent-identifier>
387     </from>
388
389     <comments>No comments!</comments>
390
391     <acl-representation>fipa.acl.rep.xml.std</acl-representation>
392
393     <payload-encoding>US-ASCII</payload-encoding>
394
395     <date>20000508T042651481</date>
396
397     <intended-receiver>
398       <agent-identifier>
399         <name>intendedreceiver@foobar.com</name>
400         <addresses>
401           <url>http://foobar.com/acc1</url>
402           <url>http://foobar.com/acc2</url>
403           <url>http://foobar.com/acc3</url>
404         </addresses>
405         <resolvers>
406           <agent-identifier>
407             <name>resolver@foobar.com</name>
408             <addresses>
409               <url>http://foobar.com/acc1</url>
```

```

410      <url>http://foobar.com/acc2</url>
411      <url>http://foobar.com/acc3</url>
412    </addresses>
413    <resolvers>
414      <agent-identifier>
415        <name>resolver@foobar.com</name>
416        <addresses>
417          <url>http://foobar.com/acc1</url>
418          <url>http://foobar.com/acc2</url>
419          <url>http://foobar.com/acc3</url>
420        </addresses>
421      </agent-identifier>
422    </resolvers>
423  </agent-identifier>
424 </resolvers>
425 </agent-identifier>
426 </intended-receiver>
427
428 <received>
429   <received-by value="http://foo.com/acc" />
430   <received-from value="http://foobar.com/acc" />
431   <received-date value="20000508T042651481" />
432   <received-id value="123456789" />
433   <received-via value="http://bar.com/acc" />
434 </received>
435
436 </params>
437
438 </envelope>
439

```

440 Using the bit-efficient representation, the envelope becomes:

```

441
442 0xfe 0x01 0xdb 0x12 0x20 0x31 0x11 0x06 0x19 0x15 0x37 0x62 0x59 0x20 0x02 0x02 'r'
443  'e'  'c'  'e'  'i'  'v'  'e'  'r'  '@'  'f'  'o'  'o'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  0x00 0x02
444  'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'
445  'c'  0x00 0x01 0x03 0x02 's'  'e'  'n'  'd'  'e'  'r'  '@'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'
446  'o'  'm'  0x00 0x02 'h'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'
447  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  0x00 0x01 0x07 'U'  'S'  '-'  'A'  'S'  'C'  'I'  'I'  0x00
448  0x01 0x09 0x02 'i'  'n'  't'  'e'  'n'  'd'  'e'  'd'  'r'  'e'  'c'  'e'  'i'  'v'
449  'e'  'r'  '@'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  0x00 0x02 'h'  't'
450  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'
451  'c'  'c'  '1'  0x00 'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'
452  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  '2'  0x00 'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'
453  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  '3'  0x00 0x01
454  0x03 0x02 'r'  'e'  's'  'o'  'l'  'v'  'e'  'r'  '@'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'
455  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  0x00 0x02 'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'
456  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  '1'  0x00 'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'
457  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  '2'
458  0x00 'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'
459  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  '3'  0x00 0x01 0x03 0x02 'r'  'e'  's'  'o'  'l'  'v'  'e'
460  'r'  '@'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  0x00 0x02 'h'  't'  't'
461  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'
462  'c'  '1'  0x00 'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'
463  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  '2'  0x00 'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'
464  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'  '3'  0x00 0x01 0x01
465  0x0a 'h'  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'
466  'c'  'c'  0x00 0x20 0x31 0x11 0x06 0x19 0x15 0x37 0x62 0x59 0x20 0x02 'h'  't'  't'
467  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'f'  'o'  'o'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'
468  'c'  0x00 0x03 '1'  '2'  '3'  '4'  '5'  '6'  '7'  '8'  '9'  0x00 0x01 0x01 0x04 'h'
469  't'  't'  'p'  ':'  '/'  '/'  'b'  'a'  'r'  '.'  'c'  'o'  'm'  '/'  'a'  'c'  'c'
470
471 0x00 0x01

```

472  
473  
474

The length of the original message is about 2360 bytes and the encoded result is 475 bytes giving a compression ratio of about 5:1.

## 475    5 Informative Annex B — ChangeLog

### 476    5.1 2002/11/01 - version C by TC X2S

477    Entire document:                Removed encrypted field  
478    **Page 4, line 159:**            **Added optional UserDefinedParameter to the ReceivedObject**  
479    **Page 4, line 202:**            **Changed the identifier byte of the UserDefinedParameter from 0x04 to 0x05**  
480    **Page 4, line 210:**            **Added signs to BinDateTimeToken**  
481    Page 7, lines 281-464:        Moved Section 3 to Informative Annex A  
482

### 483    5.2 2002/12/03 - version D by FIPA Architecture Board

484    Entire document:                Promoted to Standard status  
485